The Pittsburgh Gazette.

" PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 33. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1818. New Series, No. 47.

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, in Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets.

FRESH FALL GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received a part of his FRESH FALL GOODS, and expects considerable additions.

HAS ON HAND OF

DRY-GOODS.

RED, Yellow and White FLANNELS,
Red, green and becking Baize,
Kersey moleskin and Coatings,
Grass, bottlegreen, blue, purple, London and Paris brown Pelisse cloths,
Bombazine, fine and coarse Cloths, assort. col.
3-4 4-4 10-4 and 11-4 rose & point Blankets,
A quantity of large Hearth Rugs, fancy patterns,
Ticklenburg, cotton checks and olive velvets, assorted,
Bombazetts and callicoes, of various colors,
4-4 and 6-4 coarse and fine cambric and shirting Muslins,
Book, lenо, jaconet, mull and fancy ditto
Cotton shawls, and silk and cotton handkerchiefs, general assortment,
Thread, silk and cotton laces & ribbons, do. do
With a general assortment of other articles in the Dry Good line.

OF HARDWARES.

Cast and German Steel, hand, tenant and compass saws,
Chisels and plane irons, Cams and other good marks, well assorted,
Files, rasps. sprigs, tacks, awls, &c. a variety,
S S. knob, trunk, chest, till, desk, and pad locks, assorted.
A variety of knives and forks, pen and pocket knives, table and tea spoons, well assort'd
BRASS-WARES,
Commode knobs, handles and rings, till knobs and brass nails,
Brass and Iron candlesticks, pocket and tin lanterns, and German lamps,
Low priced neat walking canes and riding whips, assorted,
Sweeping, shoe, hearth and clothes brushes,
Fine and coarse combs, assorted,
Butt, table, brass, hinges, and screws,
Knob and thumb latches, cupboard turns, straight bolts—and almost every kind of Hardware, suitable for buildings etc.
With an excellent variety of other Hardware, and many scarce articles in the line.

ALSO, AN ASSORTMENT OF

Groceries and Queensware

SHOES,

GLASS WARE & TIN WARE,

ALSO

4 reams glass or sand paper, and paper hangings,
Tobacco, American and Spanish segars, cut and dry tobacco,
2000 lbs. Shot, assorted, also Powder & lead,
20 gross watch chrystals,
A quantity of sharp Ginger, by the keg,
Rosin, logwood and copperas,
Lisbon and Sherry Wines, Jamaica Spirits and country Gin,
100 country bags, linen, yarn, country socks, etc. etc.

The whole comprising a very general assortment of Seasonable Goods; all of which will be sold at a fair market price.

ISAAC HARRIS.
Diamond, Pittsburgh.

Who wants to purchase a quantity of BEES-WAX.

October 20, 1818. 5

*** Unchartered, foreign, torn and small notes and tickets, will be received in payment as usual, on as fair terms as can (consistent with safety) be afforded.

Notice.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber in Pitt Township, sometime last spring, a bright BAY HORSE about 14 hands high & upwards of nine years old. The owner is requested to prove property pay charges and take him away.

A. BEELEN.

Oct. 15, 1818.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

R. BOWEN & CO.

21 bbls. CIDER ROYAL
PRIME SHAD,
PECAW NUTS,

ON HAND

CASTINGS, BAR IRON, BAR & PIG LEAD,
Roram & Wool Hats.

Pittsburgh, October 20.

John Teale,

Corner of Market street and the Diamond,

RESPECTFULLY informs the ladies of this city and its vicinity, that he has just received a large assortment of

STRAW, CHIP and LEGHORN

Bonnets,

Silk Velvet, and fashionable Collars,

He has also a CRIMPING MACHINE for crimping muslin silk satin. Ladies that have any thing in that line, can have it done cheap.

Pittsburgh, October 20, 1818.

Ground Ginger.

ORMSBY & DOANE

Have For Sale 50 Kegs GROUND GINGER, of a superior quality, lower than can be purchased in this market, and they will keep a constant supply on hand

Pittsburgh, October 16, 1818.

One case of Holland Quills,

assorted—Some of superior quality.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

October 9, 1818.

One Dollar Cash,

FOR

Old or New WHEAT,

Will be given at the Pittsburgh Steam-Mill, where,

Road Waggoners

Can have HORSE-FEED, very cheap—It consists of CHOPT RYE, MIDDLINGS, SHIP-STUFF, BRAN and CORN—Any person taking more than 50 bushels shall have a handsome deduction.

October 2.

Five Dollars Reward

STRAYED or stolen from the pasture of John Means two miles from Pittsburgh, on the night of the 23d of September, TWO HORSES—one Black, about 9 years old past, shod all round, about 14½ hands high and a natural trotter. The other, a brown or mouse colour, 7 years old, shod all round, about 15 hands high and a natural trotter. If strayed, the above reward will be given upon their delivery to John Means, with all reasonable charges—if stolen, 20 Dollars will be given for the horses and thief.

RALSEMAN CONE.

October 2.

CORN and RYE

COMMANDS

Sixty-two Cents Cash,

per Bushel, at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill

Pittsburgh, October 13, 1818.

I. DOANE,

Wholesale and retail Warehouse on the bank near Wood street,

KEEPS constantly on hand at reasonable prices.
A large assortment of
Ironmongery, Hardware, Cutlery,
Grocery and Liquors.

Among which are,

Mouse-hole Anvils,
Smiths black and bright Vices,
Saws of every description,
All kinds of steel, &c. &.

Merchandize received and forwarded, bough and sold on reasonable commission

May, 19, 1818——1awtf

JUST RECEIVED,

WHICH will be sold low for cash or or notes at 60 days, a quantity of

Racoon, Beaver and Otter Skins.

We will also pay CASH on the 1st December for

500 bbls. Superfine Flour,

at $4 75 per Barrel.

IRWIN & H. WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, Sept 22, 1818. tf

A Fuller Wanted.

A PERSON who is well acquainted with fulling, dyeing and dressing cloth, will meet with good encouragement, by an immediate application at the BROADFORD MILLS, one mile from Connellsville, Pa. Any person applying must be well recommended as a steady, good workman. If he has a family, he can be accomodated with a house.

The subsrciber having just purchased a Grist-mill, a Saw-mill, two Carding machines, & a Fulling mill; he would have no objections to take a good partner, provided he had some cash: one who is something acquainted with the bove branches would be preferred,

STEWART H. WHITEHILL,

Connellsville, September 19, 1818.

To Rent,

FOR a term of years not exceeding 16, at the rate of TWO Dollars per foot, the property formerly occupied as a Tan-yard by the late Thomas Wallace—it is subdivided into building lots to suit every person wishing to lease—ALSO at the rate of ONE Dollar and Fifty cents per foot, for the above term, the unoccupied part of the square adjoining the Rolling and Slitting Mill, on Penn street.—Apply to

IRWIN WALLACE, or
WM. ROBINSON, junr.

Pittsburgh, May 1, 1818.——tf

German Redemptioners.

FOR SALE.

THE time of an indented MAN and WOMAN, who have two years and about six months to serve. The Man is a rough carpenter, and both understand farming very well; but particularly the culture of the vine, and gardening; the woman is also a good spinner. They are sold for want of employ. Enquire at this, or the Mercury office.

August 25, 1818. tf

NOTICE.

THE subscribers, surviving assignees of William Steele and Ephraim Pentland, Esqrs. give notice to all persons who, on the 11th day of August, 1817, were indebted to the firm of Pentland, Higins & Steele, to come forward and settle their accounts without delay.

DAVID PRIDE,
WILLIAM GORMLY, } *Assignees*

Pittsburgh, September 16, 1818.

Granville Bank Notes.

A CONSIGNMENT OF

Shaving Soap,

FOR SALE, FOR GRANVILLE BANK NOTES,

BY

R. BOWEN & CO.

Pittsburgh, October 2, 1818.——4w

The unexpired Time

Of an indented German SERVANT GIRL,

FOR SALE.

THE time of a German Servant Girl, who can be well recommended, and will only be sold for want of employ. She has 3 years and 4 months to serve. For particulars apply to

JOHN L. GLASER.

Pittsburgh, October 13, 1818.

Samuel Edgar & Co.

HAVE just received, and offer for sale on accommodating terms.

200 BOXES CINCINNATI SOAP,
400 Kegs manufactured Tobacco,
6 Hhds. Leaf ditto, sup. qual.
10 Hhds. } New Orleans Sugar of a superior
50 Bbls. } quality—old crop
10 crates assorted QUEENSWARE,
20,000 lbs. Pig Lead,
500 lbs. Bar ditto,
30,000 lbs. Shot,
Bar and Roll'd Iron,
GLASS—all sizes

Hatter's Fur, etc.

Together with a general assortment of *Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Liquors.*

5000 lbs. Salt-Petre (Crude)

Pittsburgh, September 4, 1818.

Copper & Tin Ware.

R. AND J. TOWN,

IN Woood, near Front street, manufacture and have constantly for sale, an assortment o

Stills and Tin Ware,

TEA KETTLES, Hatters Ditto, Fullers Ditto,
WASH KETTLES Brass Ditto, Sheet-Iron Ware,

JAPANNED WARE, &c

Which they sell at the most reduced prices, and a liberal credit.——Orders shall be promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, September 4, 1818. F3m

To Emigrants.

WANTED several FARMERS of industrious and sober habits, to go and settle upon land in the state of Indiana, upon an improving Lease, for a term of years. The land has been selected by a competent person, is of a good quality, in an improving part of the country, and lays about sixty miles from Cincinnati. For further particulars apply to the Subscriber, in Wood street, near the corner of Second street.

R. J. DUNN.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 18th 1818.—1aw10t.

N. B Provisions, Matresses,

Blankets &c. furnished for Travellers.

FOR SALE,

That Valuable City Pro-

perty in Fourth, between Market and Wood Streets, fronting on Fourth Street 40 feet, and extending back 80 feet, on which is a two story Brick House, 20 feet front, with an extensive back building, finished in the best manner, at present occupied by Doctor O'Donoughue—Also, a convenient Frame Building in the occupancy of Mr. Samuel Cooper; the whole subject to a yearly ground rent of 80 dollars. This property is in one of the most eligible situations for business in the City. For terms, which will be low and accommodating, apply to

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, August 21, 1818. tf

G. T. Beyer & Co.

In Wood, between Third and Fourth Streets,

Are constantly supplied with all kinds of

Groceries, Wines and Liquors.

and continue to pay the highest price for al kinds of FUR.

HATTERS FUR

or sale, as above.

Pittsburgh, June 1, 1818. 3m

Valuable Property for Sale

THE Subscriber has for Sale, a most VALUABLE PROPERTY in the vicinity of Noblesburgh, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 250 acres of Land. The above property possesses as many conveniencies as are desirable on a farm. There are 120 acres of cleared land, 15 acres in meadow, with good Barn and Sheds and fine Stables, comfortable farm Houses, sufficient for two families, with two paled Gardens adjoining. There are few places possessing finer springs. There is besides an excellent stone Still House, with a fountain Pump, and all the apparatus for distilling, now in complete operation. The terms may be known, by applying to Mr. ANDREW SCOTT, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

August 21, 1818.

N. B. The above property is in the immediate vicinity of several fine Mills, and of different places of Worship.

ALSO,

A LOT in Noblestown, containing 7 acres, on which is erected a small house.

Chair and Cabinet

WAREHOUSE

ourth street, above Wood.—And Second street, near Smithfield,

PITTSBURGH.

Joseph Roseman

Fancy Chair-maker, Ornamentor, Gilder, &c.

AND

ROSEMAN & WRIGHT

Cabinet Makers.

All articles in their line will be furnished at a short notice, and of such workmanship as shall warrant a continuance of custom,

Draughts of new and Fashionable Furniture will be furnished to those wishing such articles

Referrences to Messrs. Cromwell and Dobbin—Richrad Bowen & Co.—Wm. Robinson, Jr.—C. Latshaw—Allen & Grant—Anshutz & Rahm & Co Commission merchants, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to.

January 15, 1818.——1awtf

BLANKS PRINTED AT THIS OFFICE

N. W. Smith,

CLOCK AND WATCH-MAKER, AND SILVER-SMITH,

Has commenced the above business, on the West side of Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street,

Where he will be happy to execute all orders in his line, in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, September 25, 1818.

Estate of Josiah W. Skelton, deceased.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late JOSIAH W. SKELTON, deceased, or to the late firm of J. P. & J. W. Skelton, are requested to make immediate payment, to John P. Skelton, and all those having claims against said estate or late firm, will present them properly attested to either of the subscribers.

ELIZA SKELTON, *Admrx.*
JOHN. P. SKELTON, *Admr.*

Pittsburgh, September 25, 1818.

For Sale,

THE *DRUG & MEDICINE STORE* of the late Josiah W. Skelton, druggist, deceased—together with all the Furniture and Fixtures, which will be sold on very accomodating terms to any person wishing to take the stock together.——Apply to

JOHN P. SKELTON, *Admr*

BRISTLES.

I WILL give from THIRTY to SIXTY cents per lb. for country Bristles, at my Brush Manufactory, in Wood street, between Fourth street and Diamond alley. Farmers and country merchants are requested to pay attention to the above.

GEORGE BEALE.

Pittsburgh, June 26. 6m

N. B. Scalding the bristles is no detriment to them whatever.

BUFFALO ROBES.

Just received by the subscribers,

70 Bales Buffalo Robes,

which they will sell on liberal terms, wholesale and retail.

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, September 15, 1818.

FRESH GOODS.

M. S. MASON,

HAS just received at his Wholesale Warehouse, in Wood street

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS;

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE, middling & coarse CLOTHS,
Coatings, Fearnoughts, Cassimeres, Pelisse Cloths,
Flannels, rose and point Blankets,
Bombazetts, Velveteens and Cords,
Irish Linens, patent steam loom Shirtings,
Ginghams, Prints and Furniture,
Madrass Handkerchiefs,
9-8 and 6-4 cambric Muslins, Lenos
Damask Table Cloths,
Men's and women's worsted Hosiery,
Kersy Shawls and Scarfs,
Black silk, Canton and flag Handkerchief.
Cashmere, merino and imitation Shawls,
Sarsanetts, &c.

TOGETHER WITH A VARIETY OF

Domestic Goods,

SUCH AS

Plaids, Stripes, Chambrays, | *Checks, Shirtings.*

Which are offered for sale low, by the package or piece on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, September 15, 1818.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late DAVID DAVIS, HATTER, are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having demands against the same, will please present them without delay, properly attested to either of the subscribers.

FRANCES DAVIS, *Admrx.*
JOHN D. DAVIS, *Admr.*

Pittsburgh, September 25, 1818. tf

THE citizens of Pittsburgh and the surrounding country, are respectfully informed that the subscriber intends having the HATTING BUSINESS carried on as usual, at the late residence of D. Davis, deceased, where all orders in that line will be thankfully received and promptly attended to

FRANCES DAVIS, *Widow.*

Wood street, between Diamond alley & 5th st

Copartnership.

CROMWELL & DOBBIN inform their friends and the public, that they have associated with them Mr. ISAAC PEEBLES in the Commission Business, which will in future be transacted under the firm of *Cromwell, Dobbin & Peebles,* who offer their services in the usual way.

All those indebted to Cromwell & Dobbin, in and about Pittsburgh, are requested to make payment immediately, or they may expect their accounts, notes, &c. lodged in the hands of the proper officers for collection.

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1818. 1awSm

I will Sell,

ON reasonable terms, Lot No. 31, containing 6 acres, on the bank of the Allegheny river, below and adjoining a lot of William Robinson—also, Lot No. 30, containing 9 acres, adjoining the above. A lot in the town of Allegheny, on Beaver street, adjoining Thomas Semple—also a Lot in Mechanics' Retreat, near the town of Allegheny.

For the above property, or any part of it, I will take *Stock* of the *Farmers' and Mechanics Bank* of Pittsburgh, in payment.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, June 12.

Kerr and Rahm,

Front, between Market and Wood streets, PITTSBURGH,

Have just received a handsome supply of

UPDEGRAFFS'

PAPER, assorted as follows,

No. 1, 2, & 3 Cap.
Royal Printing.
No. 4 Medium ditto,
Post Paper,
Tea Paper,
Cap Wrapping do.
Medium wrapping ditto.

They have also on hand, and intend keeping a constant supply of

Juniata Bar Iron,

4, 6, 8, and 10 cut Nails,
Assorted Roll'd Iron,
7-9 and 8-10 Window Glass,
HOLLOW GLASS,
Patent Draft Chains,
Shovels, Axes, Plough Irons,
A few chests Young Hyson Tea,
Spanish and country Segars,
KENTUCKY TOBACCO.

All of which they offer for sale, on accommopating terms.

July 3.

Copper & Tin Warehouse.

WILLIAM KEPNER,

CORNER OF MARKET AND FRONT STREETS, PITTSBURGH,

Has now on hand, and intends keeping a general assortment of

STILLS

Tin Ware,

FULLERS KETTLES, HATTERS DITTO,
WASH KETTLES BRASS DITTO.

JAPANNED WARE.

Which he will dispose of on reasonable Terms for Cash, or approved paper.

☞ Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to, and put up on short notice.

Pittsburgh, December 24, 1817.——Ttf

BOSLER & CO.

Have just received and offer for Sale on moderate terms, an extensive assortment of

IRONWARE & GROCERIES,

SUCH AS,

WALDRON'S prime corn and grass scythes,
Mouse-hole anvils,
German scythes,
Straw knives,
Bright and black vices,
Whetstones,
English, Crowley, and blister steel,
Country blister, German, Swedish & cast steel,
6d, 8d, and 10d wrought nails,
Shovels, spades, kitchen shovels, tongs and pokers,
American sheet iron single, double, and treble,
Spinning wheel irons,
Ketland gun locks,
Iron and brass top coffee mills,
Handsaws,
Frying pans,
Patent tea-kettles,
Bed screw,
Wood screws,
Bench vices,
Knives,
Butt hinges,
Files,

COFFEE in bags and barrels.

LOAF AND LUMP SUGAR

Young Hyson and Gunpowder Teas in small boxes.

Chocolate,
Muscatel raisins,
Pepper,
Ginger,
Mustard,
Figs in drums and boxes.

WINDSOR, PALM AND VARIEGATED SOAP IN SMALL BOXES.

TANNERS AND LINSEED OIL.

SPANISH CIGARS, & PIPES by the box

QUEENSWARE in small crates, well assorted for country stores.

Also, always for Sale,

Castings of every description.

Plough Irons, Axes, Scale Beams, and all kinds of Edge Tools and Iron Ware.

Juniata bar iron,
Pig, bar, & sheet lead,
Shot,
Cut nails of all sizes,
Still cocks,
Mounting,
Copper rivits.

WINDOW, GREEN AND FLINT GLASS assorted in boxes.

Rosin soap,
Copperas,
Writing paper,
Bonnet & Fullers boards,

They continue to keep a

Commission Warehouse,

for storing, forwarding, purchasing and selling all kinds of *Produce* and *Merchandize.*

Pittsburgh, March 28, 1818. 1awtf

BUTLER & LAMBDIN,

Continue their

Book and Job

PRINTING OFFICE,

Where will be printed with the utmost despatch

BOOKS, MAGAZINES AND PAMPHLETS.

Mercantile Blanks;

SUCH AS

Checks, Receipts, Bills of lading, Bills of parcels, Due-bills, &c.

Law Blanks.

Judgements and common Bonds, Deeds, Leases, Declarations, Protests, &c.

Magistrates' & Aldermans' Blanks.

summons's, Scieri Facias, Commitments, Indentures, Warrants, Executions, Rules of Refference &c. for the city and counties.

HAND-BILLS, CIRCULARS, ADVERTISEMENTS, CARDS,

Together with every other description of Book and Job Printing.

Pittsburgh, June 12.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1818.

Having succeeded in our congressional election, an event in our conception of the first importance to our country, our thoughts naturally revert to the object which first engaged our attention, when the new series of the Gazette was commenced. This object, the first and last in our minds, as interesting to the Philadelphians as it is to us, and more important to Pennsylvania than it is to either, is the completion of a perfect turnpike between the Delaware and the Monongahela. We attempted in a few of our incipient numbers, to enlist in the cause, some of our brother editors of our great city; at one time the fond hope was indulged, that their sympathies were excited; a few essays on the subject, appeared in the journals of that place; but the excitement was of sickly growth, and bore too much the character of recrimination and accusation; it soon dwindled into that apathy, which we think strongly marks the individual character of our state. It was insisted to the eastward, that they had paid their proportion, and probably more than their proportion, towards the improvements of Pennsylvania. As our object was not to establish the fact of superiority in this respect, we left the assertion uncontradicted, although by this we did not intend to acquiesce in the statement. But allowing the statement to be correct, we do not consider that their present indifference is at all justified by it. We, as a new and of course not wealthy people, could not be expected to make those disbursements which the emergency of the times demand, which the importance of the occasion imperiously require. We have a right to look to Philadelphia and its vicinity, if not for protection, at least for counsel and for aid. She is the great seat of American affluence, of individual riches, and with pleasure we say it, of distinguished philanthropy; for her want of hospitality, which forms so prominent a feature in the complaints of strangers, is not imputable to the heart so much as to habit and custom. From her then we have every thing to look for, every thing to hope, more particularly as her interests are indissolubly connected, and perfectly identified with our own. Our mortification then was mingled with surprise when we discovered the indifference with which the question is likely to be viewed east of the mountains. Other feelings were occasionally excited when we saw the uncommon deference which was paid to the fanciful dreams of Mr. Breck on the subject of canals. We do not wish to detract from the merit of this gentleman. We have read his pamphlet with great satisfaction, for it contains a body of useful document. But his views, with regard to his water communication, are as as impracticable at the present period as the surrounding of Pennsylvania with an insurmountable wall. We object to the production as having offered an ignus fatuus for public speculation, which may tend to divert the mind from the substantial practicable means by which we might secure our superiority.

We commenced by prophecying, but as our predictions are likely to meet the same fate as did the ravings of the Trojan Princess, we now call upon our brethren in Philadelphia to assist us in rousing the public mind to its true policy. To aid them in this design, we will take the liberty of offering a few facts for their consideration. The Cumberland road is finished for the whole extent of the Allegheny mountains. This road is so good that it has become quite an object of curiosity for strangers; they will go out of their way a day's journey, to have the satisfaction of cantering up and down the formerly steep ascents and descents of the Laurel Hill and Breakneck. There is an elegant bridge built over the Youghioganey, and most of the considerable streams are also bridged. The Pennsylvania turnpike, on the contrary, is in some places becoming impassable; many of the bridges have been actually swept off by the last summer's rain; and it is anticipated that the mountains during the approaching winter, will rival in horror the memorable season of 1795. With all these unfavorable prospects, a circumstance has occured which though formerly very common, has been rare of late years, and which threatens to be attended with fatal consequences. Our rivers are so low as to render navigation very difficult, and at this moment there is probably near a million worth of merchandize lying along our shores. The western merchants are lounging through our streets or moping in our taverns in restless anxiety. There is a belief among them, that the Ohio is free from impediments below Wheeling, and that all the dangerous places lie between that place & Pittsburgh. This belief is not founded exactly in fact, but it answers the purpose of threat, when ill humour and disappointment hold dominion over the bosom. It is therefore very common to hear the names of Wheeling, Baltimore, and the Cumberland road murmured in no very inaudible tones.—Indeed, from the serious disappointment and extraordinary delay which this class has met with this season, there is not the least doubt but that an immense portion of the western goods will next year be purchased in Baltimore, and transported directly to Wheeling. The arrangements of the general post-office have likewise interferred to increase our danger; the mail from Baltimore, Washington, Alexandria, Hagerstown, &c. is now sent by this route, & actually arrives in Pittsburgh by the western carrier. Yes!—Pittsburgh and Philadelphia now depend upon a cross-post-rider for all their important mails; the most important mails probably in America. Some people may view the attempt as impotent; but this is bad policy—this step tends to bring the route into notice, and that which may now seem but a small speck near the horizon, may in a short time encrease to a cloud, armed for our destruction. The operation of the Bank of the United States, under their present regulations, is such as to add to our evils; but this subject we shall take the liberty of touching upon at another period.

The eastern portion of our state must depend upon their own exertions to avert the evil; they have the means and ought to exert them. Pittsburgh and her neighbourhood will have as much as they can execute, in clearing out the river to Wheeling, a distance of one hundred miles.

This has been in agitation among us 20 years: it now becomes a task that can be no longer dispensed with.

The following remarks upon the character of American women, are from the pen of a Female correspondent of the Port Folio. They appear to have been drawn forth, by an article in the Analetic Magazine, the writer of which it seems has been rather uncourteous towards his fair countrywomen. As the article is long we are obliged to curtail it. We are glad to see that the sex have found so zealous an advocate, although we must confess that it is not very creditable to the host of 'gentlemen writers' who 'grace this latter age' that the task has fallen upon a female. Where is Quevedo, Samuel Saunter, and Marmaduke Oldstile—Will not one of them break a lance in such a cause?

From the Port Folio.

"Females in this country, in all circumstances above the very lowest, are early sent to school, where they are taught to sew, to read, and to write. If they are "above the necessity of labouring," they are kept at school until they are about fifteen, learning arithmetic, geography, grammar, and history. Do these studies tend to promote "domestic usefulness?" Our girls are taught by punishment for negligence, by praise for industry, and by premiums for distinguished attainments, to consider them as some of the means by which they may learn how to think, and act, in all the vicissitudes, and on every occasion of life.

But here is the error:—too soon after they leave their schools, their books are abandoned in order that they may not be in "ignorance of economy." They must sew for their brothers, they must assist their mothers in the care of the house.—Not that they leave off reading altogether—*for every body reads in America*—but they now read in a desultory manner, and when they can steal a little time—without order and without reflection. At an age when their maturing minds would receive the highest improvement by prosecuting the sciences they had begun at their schools, their time is too much occupied by things which, although they be of the very first importance in domestick life, require no great time and ability to learn. Another great error must be acknowledged as too general in the education of our girls. Without regard to taste, talents, or circumstances, they must learn drawing, dancing, and musick. These are agreeable accomplishments, and not to be denied, where the wealth of the parent, and the genius of the child, render such instructions reasonable. But is it rational & proper, that these ornaments should be indiscriminately thrown upon females? Are the most favoured ever compensated for the enormous expense of time and money that must be consumed to obtain but a moderate degree of skill, in music? What can excuse the parent, whose hard earnings are all necessary for the common conveniences of life, for wasting them on things so absolutely useless? We may be told of the pleasure of musick, and the delight of a father, who retires from his daily labour to the song and the dance of his children; of the pride of his heart when the piano of his daughter charms an admiring circle! Let him sooth his wearied mind, by the more profitable employment of reading with his young people—let him excite their emulation by exercising them in questions of grammar, of geography, of history, & he will confer on them more substantial benefits, and find his reward in the solidity of their characters.

Objectionable, however, as we think these elegant ornaments in the measure and universality of their use in our day, they do not prevent our daughters from becoming "gentle, most, economical wives," when they are called to decide on the "Balance of Comfort." Their former habits have not induced an aversion to the "performance of woman's *peculiar* duties," the piano is now shut up, the dance is relinquished, & their "happiness" is found in the practice of as many social and domestick virtues as can be found amongst any women on the face of the earth.

Were we writing only for those who are acquainted with the character and habits of American women, we would remind them of the common objection that is made to the musical education of young ladies, that it is neglected when they become the misstresses of families—a very sufficient proof that their passions for this "extravagance" at least, does not stand in the way of their becoming the "choicest gem of life," according to this writer's notion of a gem. It is to those who know us not, that we are asserting our claims; and to a British reader it will not be much to our dishonour, that our accusation is found on the same pages that asperse their own excellent females. Such women as Miss More, and many others who have promoted the cause of religion and morality, by their writings, their influence, and their wealth, should have inspired us with something like a sacred respect for the whole sisterhood of these islands. But the head must discern, and the heart must be impressed by the value of wisdom and virtue, before they can be respected!

Had the judicious critic under consideration asserted of us, as General Pillet has said of the English ladies, that we were destitute of grace, of taste, of style, "that we have two left hands," we might have submitted in silence—though perhaps we should have pouted a little. The practice of that very "usefulness and economy," the want of which he so patriotically laments, is an injury to the elegance of our ladies, They are compelled to work; and the instances are rare, in which their tasks are not performed with cheerfulness. The mediocrity of our fortunes, and the vices of our servants in this part of the union, oblige us to be actively employed in the work of the family. Even in the slave states, to the south, the women of America are proud of their house keeping. The multitude of their domestick servants exempt them from the necessity of doing the same kinds of business with their own hands, which is imposed on us in this part of the union; but this multitude of dependents enlarges the circle of their cares, and changes, in some measure, occupations. The providing of food and cloathing for hundreds of servants is a weighty employment for the mistress of a house, who often cuts out and makes a great many garments herself. Besides this, she superintends, perhaps, the whole manufacture—spinning, weaving, sewing and knitting, under her own roof. Let our calumniator himself acknowledge how often he has seen *a woman* the stay and the ornament of her family. How often has he beheld the wife whose fairy visions of perpetual love and elevated friendship have fled before the blighting influence of tyranny & ignorance; whose early prospects have been swept away by the vices or the indolence of her husband—instead of sinking under one of the severest trials that can assail the female heart:—exerting herself singly—and even when counteracted at every step—in the moral and intellectual education of her children? And when at last widowed, or deserted, perhaps, how often has she entered into active business; provided, by her judicious management, for all their wants, and accomplished her sons and daughters to bless herself and others!

From the National Intelligencer.

Private letters from Alabama state, that a court was at that time sitting (17th Sept.) at Fort Claiborne, in Monroe county, a spot which, until the late Indian war, was *scarcely known to white people*, except the few who lived among the Indians. It is on the banks of the Alabama, about 60 miles above Fort Stoddert. Two years ago there was but a single cabin on the spot where the town now stands, and it is computed that the town now contains twenty-seven hundred inhabitants. Although the whole of the land belongs to the Indian Nation, there are a Court House and Jail, as well as a variety of private buildings erected for the purposes of publick justice and of domestick comfort; and, it is with regret it is stated, that the jail was crowded with criminals, some of whose cases were of a highly interesting nature.

A letter received at Washington City, from a gentleman living at Alexandria, at the falls of Red River, in Louisiana, under date of the 10th of September, gives a flattering view of the rapidly improving state of that country. 'Lands and town lots, (says the writer) have risen beyond all expectation. We have now at Alexandria twenty mercantile establishments, whose imports may be estimated at from 250 to 300,000 dols. per annum. The crops of this parish will this year amount to above four hundred thousand dollars, at the present price of cotton: they are now very promising, and our parish generally enjoying unusual prosperity.—Land, which was bought in 1806, at fifty cents per acre, has recently been sold, in a tract of 800 acres, at 26 dols per acre.'—*ib.*

CANALS IN EUROPE.

The longest canal on the continent of Europe is that of Languedoc, in the south of France, which unites the Mediterranean sea with the Atlantic ocean. It is 180 miles long, six feet deep, and has 144 locks. It passes a mountain, by a tunnel 270 feet long, arched over with free stone. To provide water on the highest level, there is a reservoir of 595 acres, excavated at great expense. The whole cost of this canal is stated at $2,442,000.

The Grand Junction Canal is the longest of any in England, running nearly west, 90¼ miles, from London. It has 796 feet rise and fall, and 101 locks, besides 9 originally constructed to pass a deep valley, across which a high embankment and aqueduct has been made. It has two tunnels—one 3080 yards long, 15 feet wide, 19 feet high, and 60 feet below the surface of the hill—the other 2045 yards long. It has one deep cutting of three miles, 40 feet deep at the highest place; with several other very extensive deep cuttings. There are several stupendous embankments on this canal. There are also six reservoirs for holding water, of from 40 to 70 acres—and in 3 places, where sufficient water cannot otherwise be had, to supply lockage-water on the high levels, the water is pumped up from the lower levels, by steam engines. The whole expense of this canal is estimated at 2,000,000 pounds sterling or $8,888,000.

The Oxford Canal extends 91 miles northerly from the Thames near Oxford. It has 269 feet rise and fall, and 52 locks—is 28 feet wide at the top and 16 at the bottom, and 4½ feet deep. It has 5 tunnels, one of which is 1188 yards long. It has several considerable aqueducts: one of 12 arches, 22 feet each. It cost 330,000*l.*

The Leeds and Liverpool Canal extends 130 miles, crosses the Island, and forms a communication between Hull, on the east side, and Liverpool, on the west. It has 840 1-2 feet rise and fall, with 91 locks; the breadth 42 feet; 4 1-4 feet deep. It has 3 tunnels; one of 1030 yards long, another 700 yards, with an extensive deep cutting at each end. It has several very extensive embankments and aqueduct bridges; of which passes the Lancaster canal, 60 feet high. It cost 600,000l.

The Forth and Clyde Canal extends 34 miles from the tide waters of the Forth above Edinburgh, to the tide waters of the Clyde, below Glasgow. It has 165 feet rise, and 156 feet fall, together 321 feet; and 39 locks. The locks are 75 feet long and 20 wide, carrying vessels of 70 or 80 tons. It has ten large aqueduct bridges; one 400 feet long, and 70 feet above the river it crosses. Two reservoirs, one of 70 and one of 50 acres, are provided to supply lockage water. It cost 312,000l.

A TREE 188 YEARS OLD.

The Essex Register notices that a tree planted in that town in 1630, continues to bear fruit. It was planted by Governor Endicott, and the land has continued in the possession of his descendants seven generations, and is now owned by Samuel Endicott, Esq.

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Detroit, Sept. 25.—The sale at auction of lands lying north of the base line, closed in this city on Saturday last. 8210 acres only were sold, and the average price was a little over two dollars and fifty cents per acre.

With some regret we have to state that of the purchasers who appeared at the auction, the greater part seemed anxious only to select portions of land on which to found cities or villages, rejecting the fertile tracts which would be seized upon with avidity by the practical farmer.

There are yet remaining unsold, between three and four thousand tracts of land, of 160 acres each, the greater part of which is an excellent quality.

King Christophe's secretary general has addressed a letter to the free men of color in the United States, inviting them to become Haytians, and enjoy the freedom and blessings of that country. He offers great encouragement to mechanics and agriculturalists, and promises labourers one dollar per day exclusive of board and lodging. To such as have no means of paying their passages, he will allow 40 dollars per head for men and women, and half that sum for children, from 2 to 12 years of age. *Bost. Gaz.*

Bank of Pittsburgh,

October 23, 1818.

AN ELECTION for Thirteen Directors of this institution, will be held at the Banking House, on Monday the 16th November next.

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Jr. Cashier.

A Nail Cutter Wanted.

A MAN of steady, sober habits will meet with constant employment and liberal wages. Enquire of

MILLER & WILSON.

October 23.

The Members

OF the late Musical Society of this city, are requested to meet at the house of J. C. Butler, on the 28th instant, at 7 o'clock, P. M. to settle the business of the same.

William P. Hughes,
Joseph Barclay,
John Howe.

October 23.

Pittsburgh Prices Current,

corrected weekly for the Gazette,

ARTICLES	From	D.	
ALE,	doz.	3	
Ashes pot,	lb.		6¼
—— pearl,			8
Anchors,			25
Bacon, Kentucky,			12½ 14
—— country,			12½
Bottles,	groce	24	
Bread, crackers,	cwt.	7	
—— pilot,		5	
utter,	lb.		15 18½
Candles, mould, tallow,			25
—— dipt,			20
Castings assorted,	ton	120	125
Cheese,	lb.		12½
Coffee,			40
Cotton,			35
Cordage,			12½ 16
Cider,	bbl.	2 50	3
Cloth, Steub. sup.	yard	8	11
—— do. com.		5 50	
—— Pitts. sup.		7 50	9
—— do. com.		4 50	
—— country,			
Clover seed	bush.	10	
Feathers,	lb.		62½
Flax, clean,			12½ 15
—— seed,	bush.		62½
Flour, wheat, sup.	bbl.	6	
—— com.		5	
—— rye,	cwt.		
—— corn meal,		1 50	1 75
Fur, Beaver,	lb.	3	4
Glass, Pitt. man. 100 sq. feet. 8 by 10 / 10 by 12 / 12 by 14	box	12 13 14	
Grain, wheat,	bush	1	67½
—— rye		50	
—— barley,		75	
—— corn,		50	62½
—— oats,		33	37½
Glue,	lb.	25	30
Gunpowder,		45	
Iron, Juniata,	ton	200	210
—— Monongahela,		180	
—— hoop, large,		235	240
—— do. small,		250	
—— sheet, Amer.	lb.	20	
—— do. foreign,		22	
Lead, pig,		7	
—— bar,		9	
—— red,			
—— white, dry		19	
—— ground in oil,	cwt.	22	
Lumber, boards, pine,	100f.	75	1 75
—— do. oak,		1	2 50
Leather, soal, Spanish,		38	40
—— do. country,	lb.	31	35½
—— upper,	side	3	3 50
Nails, all sizes, cut,	lb.	14½	19
—— wrought,		22	25
—— spikes			
Oil linseed,	gal.	87½	
—— fish	bbl.	40	
Pork,		20	
Porter, bottled,	doz.	3	
—— barrell,		9	
Plaster of Paris,	ton		
Pipes,	groce	5	
Paper, writing, No. 1,	ream	4 50	
—— do. 2,		4	
—— do. 3,		3 50	
—— printing demy,		3	
—— do. medium.		3 50	
—— do. royal,		4	
—— do. sup. royal,		4 50	
Peach, Brandy.	gal.	75	
Salt, Connemaugh,	bbl.	8	
—— Lake,		8 50	
—— Kenhawa,		7	
Segars, Spanish,	box	10	16
—— American,	1000	2 50	
Shot, all sizes,	lb.	11	
Skin, Deer,		16	
—— muskrat,	skin	22	25
—— racoon,		40	50
Steel, Crowley,	fag.	30	35
—— American,		23	25
—— German,	lb.	25	
—— blistered,	cwt.	17	
Soap, white,	lb.	15	
—— rosin,		15	
Sugar, N. Orleans.		18	20
—— country,		16	
—— loaf,		34	
—— lump,		32	
Spanish brown, dry,	cwt.	5	
Salt Petre, crude,		20	25
—— refined,		33	37½
Shingles, pine, joint,	1000		
—— oak, lap,			
Staves, hogshead,			
—— barrel,			
Tallow,			12½ 13
Tobacco, Kentucky,			15 16
—— Pittsburgh			23 25
—— leaf,			7 8
Tin, in boxes,	box	23	25
—— block,	lb.	30	
Wool Merino, clean,		40	62½
—— fleece,			
—— half breed,			
—— quarter,			
—— common, clean,		30	37½
—— fleece,			
Wax, bees,		25	
Whiskey, rye,	gal.	45	

FRESH PROVISION MARKET.

Beef,	lb.	8	10
Pork,		8	10
Veal,		8	10
Mutton,		8	10
Turkeys,	piece	75	1 75
Ducks	pair	50	57
Chickens,		37½	50
Butter,	lb.	25	33
Eggs,	doz.	12½	18½
Fish,	lb.	12½	18½

Proposals

WILL be received, for building a CHURCH at the Round-hill, in the forks of Youghiogany untill the 14th of November next.—A plan of which may be seen by calling on either of the subscribers, at their residence.

DAVID ALLEN,
JAMES BRICE,
JAMES POWER.

October 9, 1818.

TO LET.

A THREE story brick warehouse in Front between Market and Wood streets, adjoining Messrs. Allen and Grant and Bosler & Co.

ALSO a store-room, shop and dwelling house in Market street.——Apply to

A. BEELEN.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 20th, 1818.

One case of Holland Quills,

assorted Some of superior quality.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

October 9, 1819.

PITTSBURGH.

Tuesday Morning, Oct. 27.

The beautiful Bridge over the Monongahela has nearly reached the northern shore; it will probably be crossed before Christmas. The one over the Allegheny is not so far advanced, but yet enough is done to ensure its completion. Pittsburgh will then exhibit what no American city or town has ever yet done; two splendid Bridges over two mighty streams within 400 yards of each other.

The weather has been particularly favorable for the progress of these bridges; for many years we have not witnessed, this season, such a continuance of low water. But although this kind of weather has contributed much to the interest of the bridge stock holders, there is a class of citizens on whom it has inflicted serious injury; we mean the western merchants. Those whose goods arrived previously to the middle of September, got off safe; but all the merchandize which has arrived since, lies *low water mark* to our wharves. A whole lunar circle has almost elapsed since we beheld such a season. The sun has passed the equator without exciting the least commotion among the elements, and we fear that the genius of frost will advance upon us from the north, with all his icy train, before the farewell cries of our boatmen can greet our ears.

The beautiful steam boat James Ross, riding at anchor before our city, ready to "take the tide at its height." This vessel presents a beautiful and interesting object for the eye of taste; she *looms* large, and rests on the bosom of the water like a duck. She seems to be intended to afford every kind of accommodation to the passenger and freighter, and her handsome pannelled doors, and frequent windows, give her the appearance of a floating hotel. The owners, Messrs. Whiting & Stackpole, have another near ready to be launched, a few miles above town, and there are two more on the stocks in the city. With what rapid strides has civilization advanced upon the western waters! Within forty years the solitude of the Ohio was only disturbed by the lazy paddle of the Indian canoe. The savage slowly floated on its bosom: now, the same banks are embellished by cities, and the canoe of the naked Indian gives way to the majestic steam boat, crowded with travellers, and filled with merchandize from all quarters of the globe.

We do not know what the poor federalists shall *do*. The worthy *patent* republicans *seem* resolved not only to deprive us of the right of voting, but also *of the right of thinking*; we hope these *liberal* gentry will not carry their notions so far as to think of depriving us of the little intellect we have. We also beg them to continue to us the privilege of attending on divine worship, where and when we please.

If we advocate any of the conduct of Mr. Munroe and support his measures, the sneering editor pounces upon us with his "era of good feelings," and calls us parasites and hypocrites; if we hint the slightest objection to their proceedings, they are down upon us with "Hartford convention," "Essex Junta," and "moral treason."

When the President made his tour through the union, the federalists were the first to do him honour. The democratic editors lost no time in abusing and ridiculing them for *sneaking* after and *cringing* to the great man. If they had taken no pains to pay the well merited tribute of respect to our highest American officer, then would we have been plentifully besprinkled with the terms "tory" "British hireling and apostates." If we set up a candidate of our own then the same decorous language is used; if we join the moderate side of the democratic party, as some of us did in the case of Mr. Baldwin, then we are dubbed with the polished epithets of "half horse, half alligator." We are actually placed in the dilemma of the poor old man, in Æsops fables who owned the jackass; do what we will, we cannot please our neighbours. We voted for Mr. Baldwin; this was a *melancholy* fact: but then to balance the account, we voted for Mr. Marks. If our foes had any conscience, a person would suppose they ought to be satisfied with this. If we had voted for Mr. Douglass, then I suppose our brother the "Mercury" would have been down upon us, with all the terrors of his caduceus.—The fact is, we only have the alternatives of staying at home on election day, or of begging our neighbours, who are so hard to please, to colonize us, as Mr. Clay and Judge Washington are doing with the blacks. But before we submit to this arrangement, we must inform the editor of the Statesman, with due deference to his critical acumen, that we think it as *sensible*, as *fair*, and as *generous* to talk about the Cumberland road, as about Gallatin's claim. We also think it would be fair (but on this point we speak with diffidence, as we are but young in the trade) for an editor, not to mangle when he makes an extract from another paper; for however innocent his *italics* may be in his own composition, it is treating a brother editor disingenuously to *italicize* for him, and then *revise* him afterwards. This is taking the liberty to cut, shuffle and deal with a witness. By the way, this use of the italic appears to be a favourite *figure* of rhetoric with the Statesman; it is certainly useful, and informs people who may have good eyes and dull conceptions, when to laugh. It is like the good old custom of writing the name under a portrait.

It is certianly kind in the 'Statesman' to inform the world, that the 'Union' and the 'U. States Gazette' are one and the same paper, as it is so obscure a Journal I wonder he had not told us, that the editor of this paper, was *one Bronson.** The gentleman's manner reminds us of an anecdote we read many years ago, relative to one of the greatest poets the world ever saw. Matthew Prior speaking of a certain production, observed that he understood it was written by *one John Milton*

We cannot but admire the delicacy of the gentleman's style, when he calls an aged revolutionary character, Joe Hiester! but we presume this is the new delegation manner; it is all right; the respect that our fathers were in the habit of paying to old age, is a mere relick of patriarchal prejudice, which ought to be abolished in these *enlightened* days.

The 'Statesman' announces his intention of taking up the subject of the election; we are very much pleased with the idea as we shall be delighted to go hand in hand with him on the occasion; we are in possession of many unpublished facts, *precious confessions* and *able manoeuvrings*; between us we might vamp up a tolerably interesting work these dull times. There are certain things which the people of Allegheny ought to know, and please God they shall know them before all is over.

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* A short time since this same Statesman, speaking of the Editor of the "Union," called him the "Notorious Bronson." Notorious one day; obscure another; just as circumstances require.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

"OVER THE SIGNATURE."

This mode of expression is objected to by an eastern critic as used instead of "under the signature," from an affectation of verbal precision. The discussion is not a very edifying one, but the phrase is certainly too much in use, to justify a charge which seems to imply an effort at singularity. It is objected, that if we adapt our phraseology to local position, the signature may be at the head of a column, and thus occupy a higher position than the body of the essay; but in perusal the reader is supposed to follow the paragraphs successively until he arrives at the conclusion, and it is therefore correct enough to say, that every thing which has *preceded* the signature is written *over* that signature. All our phrases on the subject, seem to proceed on this supposition; we say "the *above* remarks," or, "the point will be found discussed *below*," no matter in what arbitrary form the printer may arrange his types.

The desire, however, of sticking to old forms is so laudible that even fastidiousness may be tolerated when it proceeds from this motive, particularly in a case like the present, where no harm can be done by confining ourselves to the more established phrase. P.

Pennsylvania, ss.

WILLIAM FINDLAY,

IN the name and by the authority of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

By William Findlay

GOVERNOR

of the said Commonwealth.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it is a dictate of reason and a duty enjoined by the Scriptures of truth, to acknowledge our obligations and offer up thanks to Almighty God, for benefits conferred and calamities averted. I have therefore deemed it proper to issue this proclamation, recommending that THURSDAY, the 19th of November next, be set apart by all denominations of Christians within the commonwealth for THANKSGIVING and PRAYER; and that they abstain as far as practicable, on that day from their worldly avocations, and assemble at their respective places of public worship, and unite in devout thankfulness to the AUTHOR of every good and perfect gift, for the blessings of peace, the general prevalence of health, the exemption from famine and pestilence, the fruitful seasons, the religious and civil privileges that we enjoy; and above all for the cheering messages of grace and salvation by the Redeemer; and that they implore, through his merits that we may be cleansed from the defilement of sin, "the reproach of any people," and be united to Him by a true and living faith, and clothed with that "righteousness which exalteth a nation," that the enjoyment of our spiritual and temporal blessings may be continued, with a due sence of our obligations to, and dependence on the Divine Source from whence they flow.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the state at Harrisburgh, this fifteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and of the commonwealth the forty-third.

By the Governor,

JAMES TRIMBLE, Dep. Sec.

WRECK OF THE MACEDONIAN.

NORFOLK, Oct. 12.—On Saturday afternoon arrived at this port, *in distress*, the U. States frigate *Macedonian*, JOHN DOWNES, Esq. commander, having been dismasted in a hurricane which she experienced on Sunday the 27th of Sept. in lat. 85, lon. 54. The Macedonian sailed from Boston on the 20th of Sept. bound for the Pacific Ocean, and completely equipped for a two years cruise. Nothing material occurred until the 27th, when, as they were hourly expecting to fall into the trade winds, and anticipating a quick run to the Brazil Coast, they were suddenly overtaken by the most tremendous hurricane ever known to the oldest seamen on board, which lasted about 15 hours, and left their gallant ship a miserable wreck. The gale commenced from the S. E. with a heavy swell but shifted to various points. About 5, A. M. the mizen-mast was carried by the board, and shortly after all the remaining spars, except the fore and main-masts, which, however, were so badly sprung, that it was found necessary to fish them in several places: lost the stern and quarter boats and sustained much other damage. The tempest is represented to have been indescribably awful, and the situation of the Macedonian perilous in the extreme; in the early part of it, *William Wilkins*, captain of the mizen-top, an excellent seaman and a worthy young man, was unfortunately knocked overboard by the mizen stay-sail sheet, and drowned. This was the only casualty that occurred among the crew.

From the Louisiana Courier, Sept. 9.

STEAM ENGINE.

It appears that the steam engine is about to be generally adopted in this state to propel sugar mills. Every uncertainty in that respect has disappeared since last year. The first trial that was made of it by Mr. Duseaux Delacroix on his plantation two or three leagues distant from this city, did not, it is true, perfectly succeed because the machinery had not been fully rectified, but in the crop of last year it fully answered every expectation, Mr. Delacroix made, it is said, three hundred thousand weight of sugar, and the machinery was not deranged for a single instant. That engine is calculated for a ten horse power. It has been made by Mr. Oliver Evans of Philadelphia. Applied by cylinders 30 inches in diameter on 30 inches in height, and regulating the motion of the cylinders at the rate of seven revolutions per minute, it easily keeps two sets of boilers agoing, and besides propels a grist mill susceptible of grinding 50 barrels of corn in a chopping knife to cut the heads off canes to use them for feeding the cattle. That engine also actuates a sled which carries them up to the feet of those charged to put them between the cylinders. After the sugar crop was over, it was applied to a saw-mill during the remainder of the year, and we are credibly informed that a cotton mill is going shortly to be applied to it.

HYDRAULIC.

The publick in general, & the firemen in particular, are hereby notified, that this afternoon, between the hours of four and six o'clock, the extraordinary powers of the compound lever, applied to a fire engine, will be publickly exhibited in the Park fronting the City-Hall. The principle of this lever is entirely new, & completely overthrows the popular maxim of the gain of power by the loss of time *only*, for this gains power, without losing the proportion of time of the common lever, and renders it applicable to any machinery requiring power.

N. Y. Evening Post.

A valuable Receipt for preserving Arms from Rust.

Take an ounce of camphor to a pound of hog's lard dissolve them together, and take off the scum. Mix as much black lead as will bring them to an iron colour; rub your arms with this and let it remain twenty-four hours; then rub them well with a linen cloth, and they will not rust for six months.

BOSTON, Oct. 15.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The *Galen*, arrived at this place, from London, and the *Courier*, arrived at N. York, from Liverpool, have brought files of London prints to the last of August.—The following extracts present the most interesting view we can give of their contents:—

SUMMARY OF FOREIGN NEWS

The ultra Royalists of France have addressed a memorial to the Sovereigns of Europe, having, for its object, the establishment of a new order of things, in exact conformity to the ancient regime, and restoring the remains of the whole body of the antient nobility, clergy and former magistry. Some of the prints have considered this step as an act of treason against the state and Sovereign, and very considerable alarm has arisen in the promulgation of such sentiments.

The Stockholm Gazette of Aug. seven, states, that the ratification of the Treaty of Commerce between the Court of Sweden, and that of the U. States, had been received.

Private letters have been received from the Northern expedition, under Capt. Ross, dated the 8th of July, in lat. 74. The two ships were then off a remarkable point of land, called by Baffin the Devil's Thumb; but the letters state no other particulars than that all was well, and that they were at the moment of writing impeded in their progress by the ice. We understand that the other expedition, under Captain Buchan, was seen by a whaler on the 8th of July, fast to the ice, in a latitude short of 80. We understand the name of the whaler is the *Vigilant*, of London; but we have not heard any further particulars.

The Manchester journeymen spinners continue obstinate in their demands for an increase of wages; and riots are daily taking place between them and the Constables. Several companies of soldiers have been called in to check their insolence, and guard the property of the master spinners.

The Times of the 29th August says:—"The mission of Mr. Gallatin, Minister of the U. S. has nothing to do with the occupation of the Floridas. He is only commissioned to remove some difficulties which the Treaty of Ghent had not sufficiently settled, and which concern the navigation of the lakes, the possession of certain islands, and the details of the fisheries.

The British Revenue for this year is estimated at eight millions of dollars more than that of 1817.

One hundred and twenty seven members of the British Parliamentary Opposition, have signed an application to Mr Tierney, to take the lead on their side, in place of the late Mr. Ponsonby.

It is said to be intended to reduce the British army 25,000 men, on the return of the troops from France.

It is calculated there are 62,000 British subjects in France.

It is mentioned that the British government have sent two frigates to sea, for the special purpose of cruizing to protect British merchant vessels from revolutionary privateers.

A late London paper says, "When Las Casses first arrived on board the Bellerophon, he engaged in conversation with capt. Maitland, who occasionally consulted with his first Lieut. upon the matters under discussion at the moment. Capt. Maitland asked Las Cassas whether he understood English, to which he replied distinctly that he did not. Captain Maitland, however, discovered that he did understand our language extremely well; and he denied the fact, in the hope of being able to take some advantage of the confidential conversation passing between Captain Maitland and his first Lieutenant.

MARRIED, on the 20th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Stockton, Mr. DAVID PRIDE to Miss MATILDA ERWIN, both of this city.

——, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Newcomb, Mr. CHARLES PLUMB to Miss HANNAH H. SKELTON, and Mr. GILBERT M'KOWN to Miss ANN MARIA W. SKELTON, all of this city.

DIED, on Sunday last, Mr. WOOLMAN GIBSON, in the 57th year of his age.

BARLEY.

NO more Barley will be received in the *Point Brewery*, until the 15th of November next; the granaries being full.

For the Pittsburgh Point Brewery,

GEO. SHIRAS.

October 17, 1818. 3t

A Miller Wanted.

WANTED a steady, sober man, who understands carrying on a Grist and Saw-mill, & would be willing to go to Cape Girardeau on the Mississippi—liberal wages will be given. Application to be made as soon as possible to

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, October 27, 1818.

Spanish Sole Leather,

AND

TANNERS OIL,

JUST RECEIVED and FOR SALE by

C. Plumb,

Front, between Market, & Wood.

Pittsburgh, October, 27, 1818.

Commercial Bank of Lake Erie.

THE PAPER of this Bank will be received in payment of debts, or for goods, for a short time, by

BEAN & BUTLER.

Pittsburgh, October 27, 1818.

Notice

ALL persons who are indebted to the subscriber are strictly warned not to pay any money to THOMAS M'LANAHAN, who was some time in his employ, as collecting clerk, however urgent he may be to receive the same, having been discharged from the employ of the subscriber, and his power to collect and receive money, having for urgent reasons been revoked.

If any person has paid said Thomas M'Lanahan, any sums on the account of the subscriber, since the month of December last, they will confer a favor by informing him of it.

JAS. L. VAUCLAIN.

Philadelphia, October 27, 1818.

N. B. The circumstances that induced the above publication have come to my knowledge since the signing of a certain certificate of good behaviour, which the said Thomas M'Lanahan artfully obtained from me, and which he now publishes to cover his improper conduct.

Stolen,

ON Friday evening last, from M'Clintock's ferry, at the mouth of Liberty street, a Dark BAY MARE, about thirteen or fourteen hands high, heavy made, nine or ten years old, has a large blaze in her forehead, both hind feet white, one of them white to the pastern joint and is with foal. There was stolen at the same time from another person, a half worn saddle, with a new pad and leathern girth, also a common curb bridle. The mare had on a halter and chain.

A reward of FIFTEEN Dollars for the Mare and Thief, or TEN dollars for the mare alone.

JOHN BROWN,

2½ miles from Noblestown.

October 27, 1818.

ALLEN'S PRIZE LIST.

Grand State Lottery,

SIXTH CLASS.

FOURTH DAY'S DRAWING.

Nos. 6877* (first drawn) a prize of	$5,000
7327* 10284	1000
14096* 9644* 5205* 749* 12059*	1000
5197* 13784 7195* 12651 14318* 14876* 10708*	500
13895* 9478* 12784* 5529* 10117* 6441* 14064* 3433* 9161* 12032* 4820* 4258* 891* 14579* 42 1* 4638* 6215 2128 14142 8522* 4186* prizes of	$100

*All sold at ALLEN'S Lucky Office.

The first drawn number on Wednesday next will be entitled to the elegant prize of

$10 000

A few LUCKY NUMBERS yet FOR SALE, AT

ALLENS'

Corner of Front and Market streets, Pittsburgh.

October 27.

Just Received & For Sale,

BY

Joseph Hill & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

Market, between Fourth Street and the Diamond,

500 lbs roll Brimstone
1 ball Sarsaparilla Root
1 do Liquorice Root
1 do Senna Leaves,
1 do Orange Peel
1 do Pink Root
2 do Juniper Berries
2 bbls. Chamomile flowers.
1 bbl. English Epsom Salts.
Bbls. Glauber Salts.
Ditto powdered Barks
Ditto Cream Tartar
Ditto Cinamon
Ditto Gentian Root
400 lb English blue Vitriol
2 bbls Venetian Red
30 kegs ditto ground in oil
1 case Gum Copal
Bbls Spanish Brown
Bbls Spanish Whiting
Verdegris by the sack
Oil Vitriol by the carboy
Blue Strewing Smalts
Irish Glue
Rosin
Copal Varnish,
1 case Magnesia
1 case Manna
1 case Camphor
3 dozen Apothecary Scales
12 doz Spatulas, assorted
12 doz. English Mustard, in ½ lb bottles
Orris Root
Oat-meal
Opium
Calomel
Cantharides
Barley, Rhubarb
Jalap, Ginger
Windsor Soap
Wedgewood, Marble & Composition MORTERS
Phials—assorted
Allum
Copperass
Indigo
Gall's Logwood, etc.

Drugs, Paints and Dye Stuffs.

All which, will be sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL on the most accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, July 21, 1818. 1awtf

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON,
Rolled ditto,
Nail and Deck Rods,
Crowley & Blister Steel,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,
Spinning-wheel Irons,
Trace and Log chains,
Patent beams and Steelyards,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,
Scythes and sickles,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,
Carpenter's adze',
Plough Irons,
Cow-bells,
Castings, assorted,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufac. Tobacco,
Spanish and country Segars,
Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Rosin soap and candles,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Earthen & Queensware,
Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Bed cords and Plough lines,
Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.

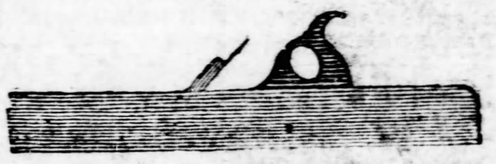
Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.

Cut and Hammer'd Nails,

Coffee mills,
Curry combs,
Window glass,
Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——1awtf

New Plane Manufactory.



SWETMAN, HUGHES & CO

Wood street, between Diamond Alley & Fourth street.

BEG leave to inform MERCHANT'S MECHANIC'S and others, that they have made extensive arrangements, by which they will be enabled to prosecute the above busines to advantage; and having wrought in the first manufactories of the union, and within the last year or two executed all the work for Mr. Wm. Scott of this city, they will be able to execute any orders they may be favored with on more moderate terms and equal if not superior to any establishment of the kind in the Western country.

Liberal discounts made for prompt payment or acceptances in the city.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1818.——

Tales of my Landlord,

AND

Mrs. OPIE'S NEW TALES.

Just received by

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

October 9 1818.

ORIGINAL.

PARODY.

"Oh! think not my spirits are always as light."

Oh think not that cash will be always as scarce,
And as hard to be got as it seems to be now;
Nor expect that this laughable locking-up farce,
Will continue much longer to sadden your brow.

No, specie is always a variable treasure,
That seldom the vaults of a bank can retain;
And the *teller* who fingers the silver with pleasure,
Is always the first to return it again!

But send round the bowl, and be happy the while,
May we never meet worse in our pilgrimage here
Than the frown that *bank paper* can gild with a smile,
Or the *uncharter'd note* that can banish a tear!

The gloom of our woods would be dark heav'n knows,
If there was not a bank here and there to be spied,
And I care not how soon I may sink to repose,
When I find one erected on every hill side;

But they who have lov'd them the fondest, the purest,
Too often, alas! are a little derang'd,
And the man who has fancied their paper securest,
Is happy indeed when he gets it exchang'd;

But send round the bowl---while a *Canton* remains,
Or a *Union-town* bank bill, this prayer shall be mine;
That the sun-shine of gold they may see once again
And the moon light of silver console their decline.

O.

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE

WESTERN CALCULATOR,

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

OF PRACTICAL

ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED,

In a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.

IN EIGHT PARTS.

BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818 tf

---

30 Barrels PRIME SHAD,

FOR SALE BY

Pittsburgh, August 18.

TO LET,

And possession given the 1st of October next,

The Warehouse,

NOW occupied by ALLEN & GRANT, in Wood Street, near the Monongahela River. For particulars apply to,

WILLIAM B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, August 15, 1818.

---

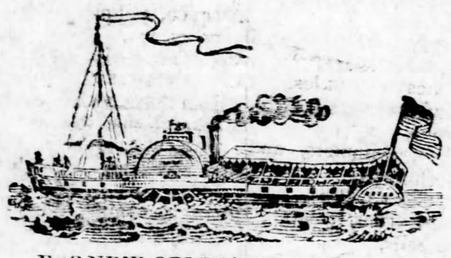
200 Dollars Reward.

I WILL give a Reward of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person that will apprehend the Villain, so that he may be brought to justice, who set fire to my Barn on the night of the 22d inst. about 8 o'clock.

GEORGE FERREE.

Pitt Township, September 25, 1818.

Freight Wanted.



FOR NEW ORLEANS, by Steam Boat

JAMES ROSS.

to leave Pittsburgh by the first rise of water Apply to J. Whiting agent.

Oct. 16, 1818.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE subscribe trading under the firm of IRWIN & GEORGE, have this day, by mutual consent, dissolved their Partnership. All persons indebted to, or having demands against the above firm will, as early as possible present their accounts to John Irwin for settlement.

JOHN IRWIN,
MATHEW GEORGE.

Pittsburgh, October 15, 1818. tf

☞ The business will be carried on as usual at the corner of Liberty & 4th street, by

JOHN IRWIN.

CHEAP FEED, FOR CASH.

WILL be sold to the first applicant, in quantities not less than 50 bushels.

1500 bushels bran, at 10 cents per bush
1000 do. shipstuff at 18 cents.
600 do. middlings at 35 do.

Pittsburgh Steam Mill,

October [illegible] 1818.

BUTTER.

THE Subscribers will exchange Merchandize, for merchantable BUTTER, in Kegs, at a fair price.

WM. & JOHN HILL.

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1818. 2awtf,

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of JANUARY, WINANS & JANUARY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to *Samuel January, Senr. & Co.* by whom the Storage and Commission business will be transacted in future.

Those having claims against said firm will apply as above.

SAMUEL JANUARY, *Senr.*
MATTHIAS WINANS,
SAMUEL A. JANUARY.

Maysville, April 18, 1818.——tf

William & John Hill,

At their Wholesale Warehouse, in Market, near Front street,

HAVE just received in addition to their stock on hand the following

FRESH GOODS.

Imported to their order, direct from England.

Sup. dark undressed Prints,
Ditto, ditto, dressed Ditto,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambrics,
7-8 4-4 Shirtings,
Bombazetts of every colour,
3-4 & 4-4 Madrass Hhkfs.
Best blue and black cloth sewings,
Best silk twist assorted, colours
100 doz. Ivory Combs,

Pittsburgh, Ma 19 1818,——1awtf

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*When I relinquished the publi*cation of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, on the 1st of August, 1816, a considerable sum was due for subscription, advertisements, &c. Since that time I have sedulously endeavoured to collect the debts, without having recourse to law, but my indulgence has been treated with neglect.—I now give notice, that in one month from this date, I will take the most summary way to collect all debts due to me.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 10, 1818.

N. B. I expect those persons whose due-bill hold, will pay attention to this notice.

Six Cents Reward

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 14th inst. an Apprentice to the Tayloring business named BARNEY HINES, about 18 years of age; had on when he went away a black coat, and velvet pantaloons; walks with a crutch.—The above reward will be paid for apprehending said Apprentice, but no charges.

HENRY THOMPSON.

Pittsburgh, September 15, 1818.

Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Florence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum.

Also, one lot situated on the [illegible] side of Market street, between First and Second st. containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate, on which is erected permanent brick buildings, in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property will be disposed of are of the most advantageous kind.—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage or judgement—It being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road, three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 16, 1818.——tf

William W. Howell, & Co

No. 167, MARKET STREET, PHIADELPHIA

Have just received by the ships Jane and Dido from Liverpool,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware & Cutlery,

which they offer for sale for *Cash* or on liberal credit

Philadelphia, March 12, 1818.——2awt

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late Doctor *Nathaniel Bedford*, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. James Patterson, of Birmingham, or Doctor Peter Mowry, of Pittsburgh; and all those having demands against said estate, will present them without delay, properly attested, to either of the subscribers.

MARY BEDFORD, Executrix.
PETER MOWRY,
JAMES PATTERSON, } Exec'rs.

May 20, 1818. tf

A Most Valuable Estate,

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law.

July 24, 1818.

☞ The editors of the Lancaster Journal, Berks & Schuylkill Journal, and Village Record, will insert the above 3 times, and forward their accounts to the office of the Pittsburgh Gazette for payment.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following very valuable Tracts of Land situated in Beaver county, North-Sewickly township, state of Pennsylvania, in Leets' district of depreciation lands: viz.

No. 190—216 acres or thereabouts, with allowance—On which tract is erected a good frame dwelling house, a barn, and other out houses, with about 30 acres cleared, and an excellent spring before the house.

No. 178—130 acres—To this tract belongs one third part of a Saw-Mill and has about 18 acres cleared.

No. 173—208½ acres and allowance, on which is cleared about 16 acres. These three tracts lay contigious to each other, and have between 3 and 400 acres of first rate bottom land, and particularly calculated for grazing farms, and large dairies—it is well watered by Connequenessing and Brush creeks, besides small brooks and springs—with a good Mill seat on Brush creek—lying in a very thriving settlement, from 3½ to 6 miles from two Iron works, and surrounded by 4 merchants mills, at the distance of 1½ to 6 miles; it is about 5 miles and a half from Harmony, 9 miles from Beaver town, and 25 from Pittsburgh.—For further information, apply to Stephen Runyon, esq. near the premises or to Dr. James Agnew, in Pittsburgh, as that gentleman is perfectly acquainted with the above property, or to the subscriber.

ALSO

1150 acres of first rate upland, on Toby's or Stump creek, Armstrong county, from 2½ to 6 miles from the Allegheny river: viz.

No. 450—containing 333 acres, with a good improvement on it.

No 891—400 acres, with two good improvements on it, with about 60 acres cleared.

No. 404—containing 409 acres, with two improvements on it, and a Tan-yard, lying on the waters of Cherry run. These lots are of a superiour quality, and have the advantage of water conveyance, and would be valuable to proprietors residing on them.

ALSO

That beautiful situated FARM, called

Hamilton Hall,

10 miles from Pittsburgh, on the Monongahela river, containing 305 acres of land—of which there is about 140 acres of first rate river and creek bottom, with an excellent stream of water, on which is erected a new Saw-Mill: it is deemed unnecessary to say any thing in praise of this property as it is well known to be one of the handsomest Farms in Allegheny county; and as it is presumed that persons wishing to purchase will take a minute survey of this property, in every respect worthy the attention of monied men. No objection would be made to take in part pay, good property in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia or Baltimore, at a reasonable valuation. For further information apply to the proprietor at Hamilton Hall, Mifflin township Allegheny county, nearly opposite the mouth of Turtle creek.

CHARLES E. Von BONNHORST.

April 10, 1818.—— tf

C. Latshaw and Leech,

HAVE FOR SALE AT THEIR WAREHOUSE

Corner of Smithfield and Second streets,

SHOVELS & spades, Amer. Man. sup. quality,
Tobacco,
Anvils and Vices,
Calf and sheep skins.
Window Glass,
Sickles.

Also, an assortment of

GROCERIES, *viz.*

Green coffee in barrels,
Lump sugar,
Alspice,
Pepper,
Allum,
Almonds.
Spanish segars,
4th proof Jam. spirits
Cogniac Brandy,
Rice,
Chocolate,
Raisins in boxes,
Cod Fish,
Corks.

Conemaugh Salt.

Ditto Refined for Table use.

JUST RECEIVED,

18 *Barrels New Orleans* Sugar.

Pittsburgh, July 17, 1818.

To Tanners Distillers, & Farmers.

THE subscriber assignee of JARED OLD's PATENT IRON MILL for Grinding Bark, Corn and Cobb, &c. for the States of Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, informs the public that they are made and kept for sale by Mr. George Sutton who is sole agent in Pittsburgh to sell Mills in those states, their utility in grinding bark is well known and established to be the best in use. To Distillers they answer a valuable purpose to shell corn and grind the cobb, and by distilling the cobb it is found to make a saving of about one fifth of this method.—To Farmers, to grind feed for cattle, the mill will crack nearly all the corn and grind the cobb quite fine—There are now a considerable number of those mills in use for that purpose, and are highly approved of—Distillers and Farmers in the above states are solicited to make trial of them.—I will warrant them to answer the purpose as described.

Orders for mills will be attended to by Mr. George Sutton, where they can only be had in Pittsburgh, and will be by him forwarded.

For the information of the public I give this

NOTICE.

That all mills, sold in the above states by agent of Luther Gale, is an infringement on my right, nor has there any of Gales's mills been sold or used in the western country for grinding bark to my knowledge. Jared Olds' improvement consists of an Iron hopper cast solid on the cylinper or tube and cogs or sharp pointed teeth placed in rows on the inside of the mill. I therefore forbid all persons from making, using or selling mills of the above description in Ohio, Kentucky nd Tennessee, without authority from myself r Alvin Bates and our agents, as all persons ound violating said patent, may rest assured that sooner or later they will pay us for our right, if there is law and justice to recover it.

DYER PEARL.

May 1, 1818.——1awtfcG.S.

Dupont's Brandywine POWDER.

THE subscribers having been appointed by Messrs. Dupont's agents for the western country, they will always have a regular supply of this Powder, and are enabled to sell it at cost and charges.

BOSLER & CO.

Who have received a quantity of

Prime Feathers.

May 19, 1818. tf

Irwin & H. Wallace,

Have just received and offer For Sale

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES,

100 bbls. Conemaugh Salt,
15,000 lbs. PIG LEAD,

20 Tons Juniata Iron,

FIFTY KEGS TROTTER'S GLAZED RIFLE POWDER,

1 Ton American Blistered Steel,

70 Barrels Fresh Flour.

Window Glass—Scythes—Sickles—Bedcords—Plough-lines—Rigging—Ropes—Snuff, &c.

Pittsburgh, May 5, 1818.

Fresh Spring Goods.

FRANCIS M'BEAIN,

INFORMS his customers and the public in general, that he has removed his store from the corner of Second and Ferry streets, to the store lately occupied by Messrs. Doran, M'Cabe & Co. corner of Fourth and Market streets; where he is now opening-

A *very large and general assortment of*

GOODS,

OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTION:

BROAD CLOTHS;

Blue, Black, Brown, mixed, drab, and superfine

CASSIMERES;

Blue, black, brown, drab and mixed Coburgh; velveteens and cords; Marseilles vesting; mock ditto, silk and striped ditto, swansdown ditto; domestic plaids, stripes, shirtings, and chambrays; platillas and brown holland; 4-4 and 6-4 ginghams, silk, striped ditto; dress and undress calicoes; rich furniture ditto; bombazetts, all colors and qualities; British and India mull muslins; jaconet and cambric ditto; lenos, plain, figured, ribbed, veined, seeded and spotted; patent net muslins; 4-4 and 6-4 cotton checks; linnen ditto; blue and yellow nankeens; Irish linnens; cravats, barred, seeded and striped; ladies' silk, cotton and worsted hose; men's half do.; black and colored silk handkerchiefs; French and Canton crapes; Damask, Levantine, fancy and imitation shawls; plain and figured ribbons; dress silks; linnen cambrics; silk and kid gloves; chenille cords; hat bands and beads; galloons; ladies purses, with and without clasps.

A large assortment of

Silk, Satin, Leghorn and Straw Bonnets,

Ladies' Kid and Morrocco shoes,
Mens' coarse and fine do.

HARDWARE.

Waldron's grass and cradle SCYTHES and *SICKLES*:

Table knives and forks; one and two bladed pocket knives; buchers' knives and steels; razors, sheep shears, scissors, two foot rules, gun flints, fish hooks, lead pencils, spectacles and cases, button rings, hooks and eyes, pearl moulds, coat and vest buttons, iron tea spoons, table do. polished steel snuffers, cork screws, brass locks, butt hinges, handsaws, German and cast steel, steelyards, curry combs, German scythe stones, Turph creek ditto, blister steel, Millington do. with many [illegible] tedious to mention.

A large and general assortment of

QUEENSWARE, CHINA, &c. &c.

GROCERIES.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Cloves, Cinnamon,

Country & imported Sugar.

Pittsburgh, May 9, 1818.——tf

N. B. F. M'BEAIN, wishes to inform is country customers, that he has opened a STORE in Frankford, Beaver county, Hanover township, 26 miles from Pittsburgh, on the road between Georgetown and the Cross Roads; where he intends to keep a complete assortment of the above articles.

The most VALUABLE PROPERTY on the West side of the Mountains offered

FOR SALE.

Plumpsock Iron Works.

WITH about 350 acres of land belonging thereto, will be offered for sale by public vendue, if not previously sold at private sale, on Tuesday, the 18th day of August next, at the Court House, in the the borough of Uniontown. This establishment consists of a forge, rolling mill, grist and saw mills. Also, a large brick dwelling house, furnished in a handsome style, with many other dwellings for the accommodation of workmen, and extensive stabling. It is situate in Fayette county, state of Pennsylvania, in the midst of a highly cultivated country on the state road, nine miles east of Brownsville, on the Monongahela river, and the like distance of Connellsville on the Youghiogheny river, five miles northwest of Uniontown, and thirty nine from the city of Pittsburgh. Bar iron is made in this forge by rolling instead of hammering, of a superior quality. Stone coal is the only fuel used in making it, an inexhaustible pit of which is within one hundred yards of the forge. Three men with a horse and cart are sufficient to raise, coke and haul to the forge all the coal necessary for keeping the works in full operation. They are in good order, the machinery almost new. This property is perhaps the most valuable of its kind in the United States, and by suitable attention, it is believed, may be made the most profitable in its operations.

There will be sold also, at the same time and place, the following

HOUSES AND LOTS,

situate in the borough of Union, to wit:

1. The corner house and lot of ground situate on the north side of Elbow street, immediately east of the Court House, No. 20, being the most eligible as well as the most valuable lot of ground in town.

2. That large House and lot of ground No. 3, and part of the adjoining lot, on the west or the north side of Elbow street, in the occupancy of Cuthbert Wiggins as a tavern stand, fronting on said street about one hundred and thirteen feet.

To be sold by

ISAAC MEASON, and
DAN'L. ROGERS,

Ex'rs of Isaac Meason, Esq. dec'd.

May26th 1818.

A Quantity

OF PRIME QUALITY KENTUCKY

BACON,

For Sale by ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, July 24.

Broke

INTO the enclosure of the subscriber living about 5 miles from Pittsburgh, in Pitt township, TWO HORSES—one a chesnut sorrel, with one white foot, a star in his forehead, and three small saddle spots, about, 14 hands high, racks and paces. The other, a dim sorrel, about 14 hands high, has a few white hairs in his forehead, with a light mane and tail, he paces. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

JOSHUA DYKUS.

October 16, 1818.

Armstrong & Ewing.

Wood, between First & Second streets,

Have For Sale,

And are as us usual well supplied with

Groceries and Liquors,

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

Queensware,

BY THE CRATE—assorted

Also an Invoice of

HARDWARE:

Consisting of Mill and Cross-cut saws—Mortise hole and common Anvils; Vices; patent steel Knives; Drawing Knives; Frying-pans; Sheet yards; Curry-combs; Iron Candlesticks; trowels &c. which will be disposed of on liberal terms.

ALSO

A quantity of first rate CLARET WINE, by the dozen.

Pittsburgh, September 18, 1818.

CRATE WAREHOUSE.

H. Langtry & Co.

Corner of Fourth and Market Streets.

Have received, and will always keep, an extensive supply of

Queensware,

which they will sell by the Crate at the most reduced prices, for cash or approved acceptance. They have also on hand a neat assortment of HARDWARE and SADDLERY.

A few barrels prime trim'd SHAD, for family use. Pittsburgh, July 30, 1818. 2aw4w.

Valuable Estate with Merchant Mills, for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for Sale FIVE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND, adjoining Noblestown, situated on Robinson's run in Fayette township, Allegheny county, Pa. twelve miles from Pittsburgh; on which, there are improvements equal to any in the western country, consisting of a merchant Grist MILL, SAW-MILL and CARDING Machinery, all lately repaired anew and in complete order, about 200 acres cleared, and under good fence, of which a sufficient proportion is bottom and good meadow—a large orchard of choice fruit of different kinds. There are on different parts of the tract, two large, well finished and convenient square log houses, one of which has an additional building of stone, with two convenient rooms. There are stables, a barn and other out houses. This tract is well watered, and can all be cultivated. It is susceptible of division, and will be divided to suit purchasers. The Mills, one dwelling house with from fifty to two hundred acres can be laid off in one tract, and the balance will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers. For farther description and terms of sale, apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or to Alex. M'Donald, esq. Pittsburgh.

HENRY NOBLE.

September 18, 1818.

WILLIAM HILL,

HAS taken into partnership his brother JOHN HILL. Their business will be transacted under the firm of

William & John Hill:

Who have just received and offer for sale at their Wholesale Warehouse,

In Market, near Front street—and at their Retail Store, corner of Market and Fourth street,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

FRESH GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE habit and second cloths—blue, black, brown, mixed and bottle,
Milled and common cassimeres—blue, black, mixed, drab and buff,
Flannels, baizes and bombazetts,
Cords, velvets, and cotton cassimeres,
Prints, ginghams, cambric, fancy and colored muslins,
Shirtings, checks and tickings,
Domestic plaids and stripes,
Fancy and common waist-coating,
Levantine, Florence and Senshaw silks
Canton and French crapes,
Bandanna, black silk and Madrass handkerchiefs,
Irish linnen, lawn and linnen cambric,
Ditto shirting, dowlas and diaper,
Men's and woman's Beaver and silk gloves,
Ditto ditto silk, worsted and cotton hose,
Ribbands, galoons, laces, silk and cotton shawls,
Buttons, sewing silk,
Silk twist, Scotch thread, linnen tapes,
Bindings, needles, pins, combs,
Suspenders, bonnets,
Looking glasses, tea trays and a great variety of fancy articles.

An assortment of

HANGING PAPER

An assortment of fine and common

CUTLERY.

Anvils, vices, frying pans, trace chains,
Coffee-mills,
WALDRON'S corn and grass scythes,
German scythes and straw knives,
German and Millington crowley steel,
Sheet-iron,
Ter-kettles, &c.

Queensware,

IN ASSORTED CRATES.

China tea sets and fancy Liverpool ware

COFFEE, in bags,

Young Hyson Tea, in chests and boxes

Chocolate,
Pepper,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cloves,
Nutmegs,
Spanish indigo,
Copperas,
Logwood,
Windsor soap,
Figs,
Tanners' oil.

A general assortment of

SHOES.

☞ The most of the above goods were bought by the package on moderate terms, and will not be sold at a small advance.

Pittsburgh, April 17, 1818.——1awtf